

Laughton Junior & Infant School



Learning together, achieving together

DT Skills Progression

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
National Curriculum		T		Design	T			
*Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria *Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mockups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology *Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] *Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics *Explore and evaluate a range of existing products *Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria	* have own ideas * explain what I want to do *explain what my product is for, and how it will work * use pictures and words to plan, begin to use models * design a product for myself following design criteria *research similar existing products	* have own ideas and plan what to do next * explain what I want to do and describe how I may do it * explain purpose of product, how it will work and how it will be suitable for the user * describe design using pictures, words, models, diagrams, begin to use ICT * design products for myself and others following design criteria * choose best tools and materials, and explain choices * use knowledge of existing products to produce ideas	*begin to research others' needs * show design meets a range of requirements * describe purpose of product * follow a given design criteria * have at least one idea about how to create product * create a plan which shows order, equipment and tools *describe design using an accurately labelled sketch and words * make design decisions * explain how product will work * make a prototype * begin to use computers to show design	* use research for design ideas * show design meets a range of requirements and is fit for purpose *begin to create own design criteria *have at least one idea about how to create product and suggest improvements for design. * produce a plan and explain it to others *say how realistic plan is. *include an annotated sketch *make and explain design decisions considering availability of resources *explain how product will work * make a prototype *begin to use computers to show design.	*use internet and questionnaires for research and design ideas *take a user's view into account when designing * begin to consider needs/wants of individuals/groups when designing and ensure product is fit for purpose *create own design criteria * have a range of ideas * produce a logical, realistic plan and explain it to others. * use cross-sectional planning and annotated sketches * make design decisions considering time and resources. * clearly explain how parts of product will work. * model and refine design ideas by making prototypes and using pattern pieces. * use computer-aided designs .	* draw on market research to inform design * use research of user's individual needs, wants, requirements for design * identify features of design that will appeal to the intended user * create own design criteria and specification * come up with innovative design ideas *follow and refine a logical plan. * use annotated sketches, cross-sectional planning and exploded diagrams * make design decisions, considering, resources and cost * clearly explain how parts of design will work, and how they are fit for purpose * independently model and refine design ideas by making prototypes and using pattern pieces * use computer-aided designs		

KS2

- *Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- *Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design
- *Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- *Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- *Investigate and analyse a range of existing products.
 *Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work.
 *Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped

- *explain what I'm making and why *consider what I need to do next *select tools/equipment to cut, shape. join, finish and explain choices *measure, mark out, cut and shape, with support *choose suitable materials and explain choices *try to use finishing techniques to make product look good *work in a safe and hygienic manner
- *explain what I am making and why it fits the purpose *make suggestions as to what I need to do next. *join materials/components together in different ways *measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components, with support. *describe which tools
- materials and components, with support.
 *describe which tools I'm using and why *choose suitable materials and explain choices depending on characteristics.
 *use finishing techniques to make product look good *work safely and hygienically
- *select suitable tools/equipment, explain choices; begin to use them accurately * select appropriate materials, fit for purpose. * work through plan in order
- *consider how good product will be * begin to measure,
- mark out, cut and shape materials/components with some accuracy * begin to assemble.
- * begin to assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy
- * begin to apply a range of finishing techniques with

- * select suitable tools and equipment, explain choices in relation to required techniques and use accurately
- *select appropriate materials, fit for purpose; explain choices
- * work through plan in order.
- * realise if product is going to be good quality
- * measure, mark out, cut and shape materials/components with some accuracy
- *assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy
- *apply a range of finishing techniques with some accuracy

- * use selected tools/equipment with good level of precision * produce suitable lists of tools, equipment/materials
- needed *select appropriate materials, fit for purpose; explain choices,
- considering functionality
- * create and follow detailed step-by-step plan
- * explain how product will appeal to an audience
- * mainly accurately measure, mark out, cut and shape materials/components
- *mainly accurately assemble, join and combine materials/components
- * mainly accurately apply a range of finishing techniques
- * use techniques that involve a small number of steps
- * begin to be resourceful with practical problems

- * use selected tools and equipment precisely *produce suitable lists of tools, equipment, materials needed, considering constraints * select appropriate materials, fit for purpose;
- materials, fit for purpose; explain choices, considering functionality and aesthetics
- * create, follow, and adapt detailed step-bystep plans
- *explain how product will appeal to audience; make changes to improve quality
- * accurately measure, mark out, cut and shape materials/components
- * accurately assemble, join and combine materials/components
- * accurately apply a range of finishing techniques
- * use techniques that involve a number of steps
- * be resourceful with practical problems

Evaluate									
	*talk about my	* describe what went		* look at design criteria	*refer to design criteria while	evaluate quality of design	*evaluate quality of design		
	work, linking it to	well, thinking about		while designing and	designing and making	while designing and making	while designing and making;		
	what I was asked to	design criteria		making	*use criteria to evaluate	*evaluate ideas and finished	is it fit for purpose?		
	do	* talk about existing		*use design criteria to	product	product against specification,	* keep checking design is		
	* talk about	products considering:		evaluate finished product	* begin to explain how I could	considering purpose and	best it can be.		
	existing products	use, materials, how they		* say what I would change	improve original design	appearance.	*evaluate ideas and finished		
	considering: use,	work, audience, where		to make design better	*evaluate existing products,	*test and evaluate final	product against		
	materials, how they	they might be used;		*begin to evaluate existing	considering: how well they've	product	specification, stating if it's fit		
	work, audience,	express personal opinion		products, considering: how	been made, materials, whether	* evaluate and discuss	for purpose		
	where they might	*evaluate how good		well they have been made,	they work, how they have been	existing products,	*test and evaluate final		
	be used	existing products are		materials, whether they	made, fit for purpose	considering: how well they've	product; explain what would		
	*talk about existing	*talk about what I would		work, how they have been	* discuss by whom, when and	been made, materials,	improve it and the effect		
	products, and say	do differently if I were to		made, fit for purpose	where products were designed	whether they work, how they	different resources may		
	what is and isn't	do it again and why		* begin to understand by	* research whether products	have been made, fit for	have had		
	good			whom, when and where	can be recycled or reused	purpose	*do thorough evaluations of		
	* talk about things			products were designed	* know about some	* begin to evaluate how much	existing products		
	that other people			* learn about some	inventors/designers/	products cost to make and	considering: how well		
	have made *begin to talk			inventors/designers/	engineers/chefs/manufacturers	how innovative they are	they've been made,		
	*begin to talk about what could			engineers/chefs/ manufacturers of ground-	of ground-breaking products	*research how sustainable materials are	materials, whether they work, how they've been		
	make product			breaking projects.		*talk about some key	made, fit for purpose		
	better			breaking projects.		inventors/designers/	*evaluate how much		
	better					engineers/	products cost to make and		
						chefs/manufacturers of	how innovative they are		
						Chersy mandracturers of	*research and discuss how		
							sustainable materials are		
							*consider the impact of		
							products beyond their		
							intended purpose		
							*discuss some key		
							inventors/designers/		
							engineers/		
							chefs/manufacturers of		
							ground-breaking products		
			Ш	Technical Knowledge - Material	 c/Structures				
Technical Knowledge – Materials/Structures									

*Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable KS2 *Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures	*begin to measure and join materials, with some support *describe differences in materials *suggest ways to make material/product stronger	*measure materials *describe some different characteristics of materials *join materials in different ways *use joining, rolling or folding to make it stronger *use own ideas to try to make product stronger	*use appropriate materials *work accurately to make cuts and holes * join materials *begin to make strong structures	*measure carefully to avoid mistakes *attempt to make product strong *continue working on product even if original didn't work *make a strong, stiff structure	*select materials carefully, considering intended use of product and appearance *explain how product meets design criteria *measure accurately enough to ensure precision *ensure product is strong and fit for purpose *begin to reinforce	select materials carefully, considering intended use of the product, the aesthetics and functionality. *explain how product meets design criteria * reinforce and strengthen a 3D frame			
	·		Technical Knowledge - Med	chanisms					
*Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products. KS2 *Understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and	*begin to use levers or slides	*use levers or slides *begin to understand how to use wheels and axles	*select appropriate tools / techniques *alter product after checking, to make it better *begin to try new/different ideas *use simple lever and	*select most appropriate tools / techniques *explain alterations to product after checking it *grow in confidence about trying new / different ideas. *use levers and linkages to create movement *use pneumatics	*refine product after testing *grow in confidence about trying new / different ideas *begin to use cams, pulleys or gears to create movement	*refine product after testing, considering aesthetics, functionality and purpose *incorporate hydraulics and pneumatics *be confident to try new / different ideas *use cams, pulleys and gears to create movement			
linkages]			To device We said also T						
	*measure, cut and join textiles to make a product, with some support *choose suitable textiles	*measure textiles *join textiles together to make a product, and explain how I did it *carefully cut textiles to produce accurate pieces *explain choices of textile *understand that a 3D textile structure can be made from two identical fabric shapes.	*join different textiles in different ways *choose textiles considering appearance and functionality *begin to understand that a simple fabric shape can be used to make a 3D textiles project	*think about user when choosing textiles *think about how to make product strong * begin to devise a template *explain how to join things in a different way *understand that a simple fabric shape can be used to make a 3D textiles project	*think about user and aesthetics when choosing textiles *use own template * think about how to make product strong and look better *think of a range of ways to join things *begin to understand that a single 3D textiles project can be made from a combination of fabric shapes.	*think about user's wants/needs and aesthetics when choosing textiles *make product attractive and strong *make a prototype *use a range of joining techniques *think about how product might be sold *think carefully about what would improve product *understand that a single 3D textiles project can be made from a combination of fabric shapes.			
Technical Knowledge – Food and Nutrition									
*Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes *Understand where food comes from. KS2	*describe textures *wash hands & clean surfaces *think of interesting ways to decorate food *say where some foods come from,	*explain hygiene and keep a hygienic kitchen *describe properties of ingredients and importance of varied diet *say where food comes from (animal, underground etc.)	*carefully select ingredients *use equipment safely *make product look attractive *think about how to grow plants to use in cooking	*explain how to be safe/hygienic *think about presenting product in interesting/ attractive ways *understand ingredients can be fresh, pre-cooked or processed	*explain how to be safe / hygienic and follow own guidelines *present product well - interesting, attractive, fit for purpose *begin to understand seasonality of foods	*understand a recipe can be adapted by adding / substituting ingredients *explain seasonality of foods *learn about food processing methods *name some types of food that are grown, reared or			

*Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet *Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques *Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.	(i.e. plant or animal) *describe differences between some food groups (i.e. sweet, vegetable etc.) *discuss how fruit and vegetables are healthy *cut, peel and grate	*describe how food is farmed, home-grown, caught *draw eat well plate; explain there are groups of food *describe "five a day" *cut, peel and grate with increasing confidence	*begin to understand food comes from UK and wider world *describe how healthy diet= variety/balance of food/drinks *explain how food and drink are needed for active/healthy bodies. *prepare and cook some dishes safely and hygienically *grow in confidence using some of the following techniques: peeling,	*begin to understand about food being grown, reared or caught in the UK or wider world *describe eat well plate and how a healthy diet=variety / balance of food and drinks *explain importance of food and drink for active, healthy bodies *prepare and cook some dishes safely and hygienically *use some of the following techniques: peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing,	*understand food can be grown, reared or caught in the UK and the wider world *describe how recipes can be adapted to change appearance, taste, texture, aroma *explain how there are different substances in food / drink needed for health *prepare and cook some savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, use of heat source	caught in the UK or wider world *adapt recipes to change appearance, taste, texture or aroma. *describe some of the different substances in food and drink, and how they can affect health *prepare and cook a variety of savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of heat source. *use a range of techniques
			chopping, slicing, grating, mixing, spreading,	slicing, grating, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking	* use range of techniques such as peeling, chopping,	confidently such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating,
			kneading		slicing, grating, mixing, spreading,	mixing,
			Technical Knowledge – Electr	ical systems		
KS2 *Understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits			*use simple circuit in product *learn about how to program a computer to control product.	*use number of components in circuit *program a computer to control product	*incorporate switch into product *confidently use number of components in circuit *begin to be able to program a computer to monitor changes in environment and control product	*use different types of circuit in product * think of ways in which adding a circuit would improve product * program a computer to monitor changes in environment and control product